# **CIPP/US (United States)**

# I. Introduction to the U.S. Privacy Environment

#### A. Structure of U.S. Law

 Branches of government, sources of law, legal definitions, regulatory authorities, understanding laws

#### B. Enforcement of U.S. Privacy and Security Laws

• Criminal vs. civil liability, general theories of legal liability

#### C. Information Management from a U.S. Perspective

 Data inventory and classification, data flow mapping, privacy program development, managing user preferences, incident response programs, workforce training, accountability, data and records retention and disposal (FACTA), online privacy, privacy notices, vendor management, international data transfers and Schrems decisions, other key considerations for U.S.-based multinational companies (including GDPR requirements, APEC), resolving multinational compliance conflicts

# II. Limits on Private-sector Collection and Use of Data

### A. Cross-sector FTC Privacy Protection

• The FTC Act, FTC privacy enforcement actions, FTC security enforcement actions, COPPA, future of federal enforcement

#### B. Healthcare/Medical

 HIPAA, HITECH, GINA, the 21st Century Cures Act of 2016, Confidentiality of Substance Use Disorder Patient Records Rule

#### C. Financial

FCRA, FACTA, GLBA, Red Flags Rules, Dodd-Frank, CFPB, online banking

#### D. Education

FERPA, education technology

#### E. Telecommunications and Marketing

# III. Government and Court Access to Private-sector Information

#### A. Law Enforcement and Privacy

· Access to financial data, access to communications, CALEA

#### B. National Security and Privacy

FISA, USA-Patriot Act, USA Freedom Act, Cybersecurity Information Sharing Act (CISA)

#### C. Civil Litigation and Privacy

• Compelled disclosure of media information, electronic discovery

# IV. Workplace Privacy

#### A. Introduction to workplace privacy

 Workplace privacy concepts, U.S. agencies regulating workplace privacy issues, U.S. anti-discrimination laws

#### B. Privacy before, during and after employment

 Automated employment decision tools and potential for bias, employee background screening, employee monitoring, investigation of employee misconduct, termination of employment relationship, working with third parties

# V. State Privacy Laws

## A. Federal vs. state authority

• State attorneys general, California Privacy Protection Agency (CPPA)

#### B. Data privacy and security laws

Applicability, data subject rights, privacy notice requirements, data security
requirements, data protection agreements, data protection assessments/risk
assessments, health data rules, data retention and destruction, selling and sharing of
personal information, enforcement, cookie and online tracking regulations, facial
recognition use restrictions, biometric information privacy regulations, AI bias laws,
important comprehensive data privacy laws

#### C. Data breach notification laws

• Elements of, key differences among states, significant developments