## Reactive Programming with Angular RxJS

- 1. Introduction to Reactive Programming and RxJS
  - a. What is Reactive Programming
  - b. Understanding reactive programming principles
  - c. Data Streams
  - d. The Observer Pattern
  - e. When to use reactive programming.
- 2. Introduction to RxJS
  - a. What is RxJS?
  - b. Why use RxJS?
  - c. RxJS role in Angular
  - d. Setting up RxJS in an Angular project
- 3. Observables and Observer in RxJS
  - a. What is an Observables
  - b. What is an Observer
  - c. Creating Observables
  - d. Subscribing to Observables
  - e. Executing the Observable
  - f. Disposing Observables
  - g. Creating and subscribing to Observables in Angular application
- 4. Operators in RxJS
  - a. What are operators?
  - b. Pipeable Operators
  - c. Creation Operators
  - d. Marble diagrams
  - e. Categories of operators
- 5. Fetching data as Streams
  - a. Reactive pattern for fetching data
  - b. Retrieving data as streams
  - c. Defining the stream in your component
  - d. Using async pipe in your template
- 6. Combining streams
  - a. Imperative pattern for filtering data
  - b. Declarative pattern for filtering data
  - c. The combineLatest operator
  - d. The declarative pattern pillars
  - e. Emitting a value when an action occurs
- 7. Transforming streams
  - a. Reactive pattern for autosave
  - b. Higher-order observables
  - c. Higher-order mapping operators
  - d. The concatMap operator
- 8. Error Handling in RxJS
  - a. Error handling patterns and strategies
  - b. Handling error operators
  - c. The catchError operator

- d. The delayWhen operator
- e. Error handling in action
- 9. Subjects in RxJS
  - a. What is a Subject
  - b. BehaviorSubject
  - c. RelaySubject
  - d. AsyncSubject
- 10. Testing in RxJS
  - a. Subscribe and assert pattern
  - b. Marble testing pattern
  - c. Understanding the syntax
  - d. Implementing marble tests