



# Microsoft SQL High availability with Replication

### **Module 1: Introduction**

This module explains the course and objectives.

#### Lessons

Course introduction

After completing this module, students will be able to:

• Course introduction

# Module 2: Always-on and High-Availability Concepts and Terminology

This module will introduce the participants to the concepts and terminology used in the course.

### Lessons

- Concepts and Terminology
- Table of Availability
- High Availability
- Causes of Downtime
- Planned downtime
- Unplanned downtime
- Disaster Recovery
- Recovery Time Objective (RTO)
- Recovery Point Objective (RPO)
- Recovery Level Objective (RLO)
- Storage Area Networks (SAN)
- Edition Changes from SQL 2012
- SQL Server 2014 Changes
- SQL Server 2016 Changes
- Legacy Solutions prior to Always On
- Failover Cluster Instances
- Log Shipping
- A Typical Log Shipping Configuration
- Monitor Server
- Replication
- Database Mirroring
- Database Mirroring Terminology
- Principle
- Mirror
- Witness (red box in image above)
- Database Snapshots
- Limitations of legacy solutions:

- What do we mean by Always On?
- Table of Always On Comparison

After completing this module, students will be able to:

- Terminology
- SQL 2014 Changes
- SQL2016 Changes
- Understand the role of the SANS

# Module 3: Windows Server 2016 Failover Clustering

Failover clustering is covered in this module and is a critical feature of AlwaysOn High Availability.

#### Lessons

- Understanding Failover Clustering in Server 2016
- Statefull High Availability Solution
- Supported in both Standard and Datacenter
- Servers should run similar hardware
- Should run same edition
- Hyper-V best with datacenter
- Certified for Windows server logo
- Shared Storage
- Quorums
- Node Majority
- Node and Disk Majority configuration:
- Node and File Share Majority
- No Majority
- Configuration
- Cluster Networks Best Practices
- Connection to nodes to shared storage
- Private network for internal cluster
- Public network for client connections
- Cluster Aware Updating
- Virtual Machine Failover Clustering
- Preferred Owners
- Failover Failback
- Resources
- Dependences
- Heartbeat

Lab: Set up iSCSI Server

Lab: Install the iSCSI VMS

Lab: Add Servers to Server Manager for Ease of Management

Lab: Add the Windows Cluster Feature to SQL1, SQL2 And SQL3

Lab: Create the iSCSI Initators to add the shared storage

Lab: Create the Windows Cluster

Lab: Add a Clustered Service

Lab: Test The Failover Of The Windows Service

Lab: Delete Role

Lab: Examine the Quorum Settings

After completing this module, students will be able to:

• ISCSI Setup

Work with Roles

- Understand Quorums
- Understand Windows Failover
- Understand Cluster Service
- Understand Preferred Owners
- Understand Node Majority

### Module 4: SQL 2016 Failover Cluster Instances

In this module we move from the generic failover clustering to the specifics involving SQL.

## Lessons

- Failover Cluster Instance
- As A FCI Appears To A Client

Lab: Create A Configuration File By Running The Advanced Cluster Preparation Wizard

Lab: Complete The SQL Cluster Installation On SQL1

Lab: Install The Cluster On SQL2 And SQL3

Lab: Test the SQL Cluster

After completing this module, students will be able to:

- Cluster Testing
- Understand Configuration Files
- Install Clusters

## Module 5: SQL 2016 Always-on Availability Groups

Within the failover clusters of SQL are the concept of Availability groups and their enhancements with the release of SQL 2016 which is the focus of this module.

#### Lessons

- Availability Groups and Replicas
- Primary Replica
- Secondary Replicas
- Availability Group Listener
- Availability Mode
- Synchronous Commit Mode
- Asynchronous Commit Mode
- Failover Modes
- Automatic Failover Without Data Loss
- Automatic Failover Requirements:
- Manual
- Manual Failover Requirements
- Common Topologies

Lab: Create a SQL Instance For The Availability Group

Lab: Enable the SQL Server AlwaysOn Availability Group Feature

Lab: Set Up For Availability Groups

Lab: The Availability Group Wizard

Lab: SSMS and Availability Groups

After completing this module, students will be able to:

- Enable AlwaysOn
- Understand and work with availability Groups

### Module 6: The Dasboard

Managing AlwaysOn High Availability groups wit SQL 2016 is accomplished with the Dashboard. This module will demonstrate the skills necessary for the accomplishment of the management tasks.

### Lessons

- The Dashboard
- How to view logs
- Using replication with Logins
- Using partially contained databases

Lab: The Dashboard

Lab: Replicating Logins and Jobs

Lab: Contained or Partially Contained Databases

After completing this module, students will be able to:

- Understand the Dashboard
- Perform Logon and Job replication

Module 7: Active Secondary Availability Group Actions

Within Availability groups you may have Active secondary SQL which is covered and demonstrated in this module.

#### Lessons

- Reporting with Secondary Replicas
- Configuring a Readable secondary
- Read-Only Routing
- Load Balancing
- Lab: Configure a Read-Only Secondary
- Database Backups with Secondary
- Steps of Backup Using secondary
- Backup Preference Options

Lab: Database Backup Using Secondary Replica

Lab: Configure a Read-Only secondary

After completing this module, students will be able to:

- Perform backups with Secondary Replicas
- Configure a Read-Only Replica

# Module 8: Maintenance

In this module you explore maintenance procedures for AlwaysOn High Availability Groups.

#### Lessons

- DBCC Checks
- Database Adding and Removing

Lab: Add a Database

Lab: Remove a Database

Lab: Add a Replica

Lab: Remove a Replica

After completing this module, students will be able to:

- Add and Remove Databases
- Add and Remove Replicas

# Module 9: Monitoring and Troubleshooting Availability Groups

In this the final module you will learn how to monitor the clusters and Availability groups and various common troubleshooting procedures.

#### Lessons

- The Dashboard in Depth
- Events
- Policy Based Managemnt for Availability Groups

Lab: Dashboard Wizards

Lab: Create an Extended Event Session

Lab: Using T-SQL

Lab: Policy based management for Availability Groups

Lab: Observe a Policy In Action

Lab: Create Three Conditions To Be Used In The RTO And RPO Policies

Lab: Create Two Policies RTO and RPO

Lab: Test The Policies

Lab: Change Endpoint Owner

- Migrating Settings by using Windows Easy Transfer
- Configuring a Reference Image of Windows 7
- Configuring a Reference Image

After completing this module, students will be able to:

- Change Owners
- Work with Policies
- Work with Extended Events

# **Module 10: Replication**

Transactional Replication

Merge Replication

# **Module 11: Performance Monitoring**

Using DMVs

Dashboard

Performance Monitor counter