# Java SE 7 Programming

Duration: 5 Days

#### What you will learn

This Java Programming training covers the core Application Programming Interfaces (API) you'll use to design object-oriented applications with Java. Expert Oracle University instructors will teach you how to write database programs with JDBC.

#### Learn To:

Create Java technology applications with the latest JDK 7 Technology and the NetBeans Integrated Development Environment (IDE).

Enhance object-oriented thinking skills using design patterns and best practices.

Identify good practices in the use of the language to create robust Java applications.

Manipulate files, directories and file systems.

Write database applications using standard SQL queries through JDBC.

Create high-performance, multi-threaded applications.

Create classes that subclass other classes, extend abstract classes and program with interfaces.

Properly use exceptions and the Collections framework.

Develop applications that manipulate files, directories and file systems.

#### Benefits to You

By enrolling in this course, you'll learn how to boost the productivity, communication and collaboration of your organization. At the same time, you'll develop the knowledge and skills to reduce the cost of application ownership through more efficient development and deployment techniques. Maintain your edge in the job market by staying current with the global standard for developing networked applications.

### Earn Your Java Certification

You can use this course to further develop your skills with the Java language. Immsersing yourself in this content will help you prepare for the Oracle Certified Professional, Java SE 7 Programmer Exam.

#### Live Virtual Class Format

A Live Virtual Class (LVC) is exclusively for registered students; unregistered individuals may not view an LVC at any time. Registered students must view the class from the country listed in the registration form. Unauthorized recording, copying, or transmission of LVC content may not be made.

#### Audience

Developer J2EE Developer Java Developer Java EE Developer

#### **Related Training**

#### Required Prerequisites

Experience with at least one programming language

Understand object-oriented principles

Basic understanding of database concepts and SQL syntax

Have completed the Java SE 7 Fundamentals course, or experience with the Java language - can create, compile and execute programs

Java SE7 Fundamentals

#### **Course Objectives**

Process strings using a variety of regular expressions

Create high-performing multi-threaded applications that avoid deadlock

Localize Java applications

Create applications that use the Java Collections framework

Implement error-handling techniques using exception handling

Implement input/output (I/O) functionality to read from and write to data and text files and understand advanced I/O streams

Manipulate files, directories and file systems using the JDK7 NIO.2 specification

Apply common design patterns and best practices

Create Java technology applications that leverage the object-oriented features of the Java language, such as encapsulation, inheritance, and polymorphism

Execute a Java technology application from the command line

Perform multiple operations on database tables, including creating, reading, updating and deleting using JDBC technology

#### **Course Topics**

#### Java Platform Overview

Introductions Course Schedule Java Overview Java Platforms OpenJDK Licensing Java in Server Environments The Java Community Process

### Java Syntax and Class Review

Simple Java classes Java fields, constructors and methods Model objects using Java classes Package and import statements

#### **Encapsulation and Polymorphism**

Encapsulation in Java class design Model business problems with Java classes Immutability Subclassing Overloading methods Variable argument methods

### Java Class Design

Access modifiers: private, protected and public Method overriding Constructor overloading The instanceof operator Virtual method invocation Polymorphism Casting object references Overriding Object methods

# **Advanced Class Design**

Abstract classes and type generalization The static and final modifiers Field modifier best practices The Singleton design pattern Designing abstract classes Nested classes Enumerated types

### Inheritance with Java Interfaces

Java Interfaces Types of Inheritance Object composition and method delegation Implementing multiple interfaces The DAO design pattern

# Generics and Collections

Generic classes and type parameters

Type inference (diamond) Collections and generics List, set and Map Stack and Deque

### String processing

String manipulation with StringBuilder and StringBuffer Essential String methods Text parsing in Java Input processing with Scanner Text output and formatting Regular expressions with the Pattern and Matcher classes

### **Exceptions and Assertions**

Exceptions categories Standard Java Exception classes Creating your own Exception classes Using try-catch and the finally clause Using try-with-resources and the AutoCloseable interface The multi-catch feature Best practices using exceptions Assertions

# I/O Fundamentals

I/O using Java Reading the console input stream Writing to the console Using I/O Streams Chaining I/O Streams Channel I/O Reading and writing objects using Serialization

# File I/O with NIO 2

The Path interface The Files class Directory and File operations Managing file system attributes Reading, writing, and creating files Watching for file system changes

# Threading

Operating system task scheduling Recognizing multithreaded environments Creating multi-threaded solutions Sharing data across threads Synchronization and Deadlock Immutable objects

# Concurrency

Creating Atomic variables Using Read-Write Locks Thread-safe collections Concurrenct synchronizers (Semaphore, Phaser, and others) Executors and ThreadPools to concurrently schedule tasks Parallelism and the Fork-Join framework

## **Database Application with JDBC**

Layout of the JDBC API JDBC divers Queries and results PreparedStatement and CallableStatement Transactions RowSet 1.1 RowSetProvider and RowSetFactory The DAO Pattern and JDBC

# Localization

Advantages of localization Defining locale Read and set locale using the Locale object Resource bundles Format messages, dates and numbers